

Dear Future Member:

This is a common stock individual voting membership packet. In the event that we pay patronage, you will be eligible only if you are a member.

- The credit application establishes an account and/or ensures we have correct information on record.
- Application for membership validates your membership with board approval. Membership also allows you voting privileges. The cost for one share of Common Stock is \$100.00.
- W-9 form allows us to pay patronage without deducting federal income tax.
- Tax exemption card must be completed if you are claiming tax exemption status on any purchases from Sunrise Cooperative.

If you are interested in becoming a member please complete and sign the enclosed forms, and return to Sunrise Cooperative with a check for \$100.00.

Any questions please call Lynn Stilwell ext. 228 or Tammy Myers ext. 207 at 419-332-6468.

Sincerely,

Sunrise Cooperative, Inc.



Fren 410 222 6469 OP 1

(Guarantor)

Sunrise

COOPERATIVE

Success grows here.

419-332-6468 OR 1-800-321-5468 FAX 419-355-8743 FARM CREDIT APPLICATION

THIS INFORMATION WILL BE TREATED IN A CONFIDENTIAL MANNER *PLEASE PRINT AND COMPLETELY FILL IN ALL BLANKS* Individual Address: Partnership City, State, Zip: Corporation Home Phone: County: LLP Cell Phone: Fax #: LLC LTD (Must Provide) SS # or Fed. ID # _____ Trust E-Mail Address: If a partnership,, corporation, LLP, LLC, LTD or Trust give name & address of owner(s) CITY, STATE, ZIP NAME TITLE ADDRESS SS # and Birthdate (MUST PROVIDE) Employer Position Income Spouse's Employer_______Position______ Income **REFERENCES:** Previous Supplier Name: Supplier Address: Bank or Lenders Name: _____ Phone: _____ Contact Person: City: State: Zip: **FARM INFORMATION:** Acres Owned:_____ Acres Rented:____ Livestock type: (Dairy, Beef, Hogs, Sheep, Poultry, etc.) & Numbers We are making this application and statement for the purpose of securing credit on account, and we represent that the information given herein is true and accurate. We authorize the references named herein, both financial institutions and suppliers, to release any financial and credit information known to them, for the purpose of evaluating this application for credit. We agree to pay according to the terms of each account and request the billings be made in the account name specified. If a Service Fee is added, it is computed on the previous balance, less payments and credits appearing on the face of the statement, at a periodic rate of up to 2% per month which is an annual percentage rate of up to 24%. The minimum monthly finance charge will be one dollar. By the signature(s) below, I/we agree to be bound by the Dealer's credit terms and acknowledge receipt of a copy of the credit terms. Title: Date: Signed: If Applicant list above is a Corporation, Partnership, LLP, LLC, LTD, or Trust, all owners must sign below. I personally guarantee payment of all company charges, as consideration for Sunrise Cooperative Inc. to extend credit to the above named applicant.

Signed:

(Guarantor)



APPLICATION FOR INDIVIDUAL MEMBERSHIP

I am applying for membership and to purchase one share of Common Stock in Sunrise Cooperative, Inc.

I operate my	business as an individual business as a sole proprie	under my name. My SSN isetorship under a "dba" name. My SSN o	r EIN is
Printed Name of Applica	nt to Appear on Stock Certifica	nte Phone	Email Address
Mailing Address		City	State/Zip Code
		Total acres farmed:	
Resident Farm Township	and County		
I produce: (check all that apply)	□ Grain□ Specialty Crops□ Livestock	I am a(n): (check all that apply)	☐ Owner☐ Owner-Operator☐ Tenant
By signing below: 1. I agree to comp Regulations (Bylaws		the Articles of Incorporation and the A	Amended and Restated Code of
		real or personal property used for prod gricultural product (Articles of Incorpora	
the market who rece this Application, I 3. I consent to incl agree that while I a stated dollar amoun non-cash portion m	ives as rent part of the age certify I am a produce ude all patronage receim a member, for federant of any written notice oust be included as incorporate in the contract of the age contract of the age contract of the contr		tuction of agricultural projects for tion, Section 4.2(a)). By signing lucing an agricultural product y tax return. I understand and on my income tax return the oth the cash portion and the must be done in the tax year
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District

Sunrise Acct. No.

	Address						
	XEMPTION FOR DEALERS AND DISTRIBUTORS						
The undersigned hereby claims exemption on from SUNRISE COOPERATIVE, INC.	n purchase of tangible personal property and services on or after DATE						
•	purchaser's proposed use of the items purchased, the						
activity of the purchaser, or both, as shown her	reon:						
() 1. Sold for resale.							
() 2. Used directly in farming, agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture.							
 () 3. Used primarily in a manufacturing operation to produce tangible personal property for sale. () 4. Used directly in production of crude oil or natural gas. () 5. Used directly in rendition of a public utility service. () 6. Used in the process of the reclamation of strip mined land. 							
						() 7. Sold to the state, or any of its politic	•
						() OTHER – Specify from exemptions lis	
						This certificate shall continue in force until revoked	PURCHASER
and shall be considered a part of each order given to the above named vendor unless the order specifies							
otherwise. In the event this claim is disallowed the							
				any tax, interest and/or penalties assessed.	Address		
Vendor's License No., if any	City Zip						
	Signature						

The appropriate reason, from the following list, shall be inserted in the blanket exemption certificate when claiming exemption or exception from the Ohio Sales or Use Tax.

- 8. Sold to church or charitable not-for-profit organization.
- Sales and installation of portable grain bins to a person engaged in farming, agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture.
- 10. Sales and installation of agricultural land tile to a person engaged in farming, agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture.
- 11. Sold to out-of-state retailer for use outside this state.
- 12. Used primarily for transporting tangible personal property by a person engaged in highway transportation for hire.
- 13. Sale of water to a consumer for residential use.
- 14. Used exclusively for a facility granted an Air or Noise Pollution Certificate.
- Used exclusively for a facility granted a Water Pollution Certificate.
- Used exclusively for a facility granted an Energy Conservation or Solid Waste Certificate.
- 17. Direct payment authority pursuant to Sec. 5739.03 (enter direct pay permit number on front of card).

This certificate cannot be used by construction contractors to purchase material for incorporation into real property under an exempt construction contract. Construction contractors must comply with rule 5703-9-14 of the Administrative Code.

Important Note: Every completed sales tax exemption certificate should be retained permanently. *Never* throw away older cards even if a new card is signed by the same person or company. *Never!*

Form VV = 9
(Rev. December 2014)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

		20 00.1100									
	1 N	ame (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.									
ge 2.	2 Bi	usiness name/disregarded entity name, if different from above									
/ pe ·ns on page	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following sev en boxes: Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate single-member LLC Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)					4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt pay ee code (if any)					
rint or type Instructions	Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner.					Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any)					
Print Inst		Other (see instructions)			(A	(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)					
Д.	5 A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Requeste	er's name							
Specific			·								
See S p	6 C	ity , state, and ZIP code									
	7 Li	st account number(s) here (optional)									
Par	t I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)									
Enter	vour	TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avo	oid	Social	secur	ity nu	mber				
backu	p w it	hholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). How ever, for	ora								
		en, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other				-		-			
entitie:		s your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to del</i>		or				L			
				Employ	er id	entific	ation r	numbe	r	$\overline{}$	
		e account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 on w hose number to enter.	4 101		<u> Т</u>		1		· —	_	
guidei	11103	on whose number to enter.			-						
Part	31	Certification							Щ_		
		alties of perjury, I certify that:									
	•	mber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am w aiting for a	a numbe	r to be i	CCLIDS	d to m	۵)، ء	and			
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					, .				
Se	rvice	t subject to backup w ithholding because: (a) I am exempt frombackup w ithholding, or (b) (IRS) that I am subject to backup w ithholding as a result of a failure to report all interest cer subject to backup w ithholding; and									
3. I ai	mal	J.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and									
4. The	FAT	CA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reportin	ng is cor	rect.							
becau interes genera	ise yo st pai ally, p	on instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS the outhave failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transatid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to a payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, is on page 3.	actions, i an indivi	item2 do dual reti	oes n ireme	ot app nt arr	oly.Fo	r mört ment (I	tgage IRA), a	and	
Sign		Signature of									
Here	!	U.S. person b	ate 🔭								

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpay er identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpay er identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpay er identification number (ATIN), or employ er identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued)
- 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt pay ee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page **2**

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity:
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain ty pes of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
- 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident allen for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain pay ments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such pay ments. This is called "backup withholding." Pay ments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, roy alties, nonemploy ee pay, pay ments made in settlement of pay ment card and third party network transactions, and certain pay ments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships above.

What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt pay ee if you are no longer an exempt pay ee and anticipate receiving reportable pay ments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note. ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter y our individual name as shown on y our 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter y our business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity 's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

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Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain pay ments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to pay ments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
 - 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
 - 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7---A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
 - 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9--An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
 - 11-A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
 - 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt pay ees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt pay ees 1 through 4
Pay ments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Pay ments made in settlement of pay ment card or third party network transactions	Exempt pay ees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

²However, the following pay ments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care pay ments, attorney s' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and pay ments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
 - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of
- I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a) J—
- A bank as defined in section 581
- K-A broker
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note. You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

Line (

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpay er Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employ er Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employ er Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676)

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend pay ments, and certain pay ments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on pay ments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of pay ments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such pay ments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

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Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code* earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other pay ments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, roy alties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this time of account.	City name and CCN of
For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
 a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) 	The grantor-trustee
 b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law 	The actual owner
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual 8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	The owner Legal entity
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local gov ernment, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (B))	The trust

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 2.

*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If y our tax records are affected by identity theft and y ou receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If y our tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but y ou think y ou are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering priv ate information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpay ers v ia emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpay ers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.